

Ātman

VII.1.1 They, who meditate upon the principal source of speech (i.e., the Lord supreme), or who proclaim eternal truths with their mind, waxing great with the third state of knowledge, utter the name of supreme Lord (dhenu: bestower of desired things like a milch cow) in their fourth state of realization.

VII.1.2 He, the son, knows the father; He (knows) the mother; He becomes the impeller (sūnuh), He becomes the bounteous replenisher. He envelopes the sky, the midspace and the world of bliss. He becomes all this (universe). He exists every where all around.

Ātman

VII.2.1 Whoever has realized with his mind the immutable supreme Lord (atharvan), the father, the friend of the enlightened ones, the womb of the mother, the germ of the father, the youthful, (and) this very sacrifice, let him proclaim to us; let him explain that here now.

Ātman

VII.3.1 In this way, he, the self existing in multitudinous forms, generally the activities, glowing with fervour, moving towards great welfare, he ascends to the sustaining apex of the sweetness. With his self, he urges forth the universal self.

Vāyu

VII.4.1 O omnipresent Lord, you are carried to the sacrifice of good offerings for fulfilling desires by your one and ten, by two and twenty, and by three and thirty well-deployed capabilities. May you release them here.

Ātman

VII.5.1 The nature's bounties (gods) glorify the sacrifice with sacrifice, for such are their duties, those righteous ones verily, attain the highest glory attained by the wise persons of yore. (Also Rg I 164.50)

VII.5.2 The Lord of creatures (sacrifice) came into being. He came to be here all around. He was born; and again He grew in vigour. He became the over-lord of the bounties of Nature. May He bestow riches on us in abundance.

VII.5.3 With what desire the enlightened ones have worshipped the immortal bounties of nature with immortal spiritual offerings. May we revel there in the highest heaven and see that (desire fulfilled) as long as the Sun rises.

VII.5.4 What sacrifice the enlightened ones perform with the human offerings - even more potent than that is the sacrifice, which is performed with out any (material) offerings (vihavyena).

VII.5.5 Soma confused sacrificers offer as an oblation a dog, or some parts of a cow; they offer oblations of various sorts. Let him, who knows how to perform this sacrifice with the spirit, proclaim to us; let him explain that here and now.

Aditiḥ (Eternity)

VII.6.1 Eternity is sky, eternity is mid-air, eternity is mother and father, and son. Eternity is all the gods; eternity is the penta-classified men; eternity is all that has been born and shall be born.

VII.6.2 We invoke for protection the creative power (aditi), the mother of good actions, the sustainer of eternal law, full of great dominating power, never-exhausting, spreading far and wide, full of comforts and conducting wisely.

VII.7.1 For our weal, may the sinless, embark upon the divine boat, the creative power (aditi) fitted with good oars, unleaking, well-protecting like earth, unblemished like sky, full of comforts, and conducting wisely. (Also Ṛg. X.63.10)

VII.7.2 In the pursuit of strength, we praise the great mother, the creative power (aditi) by her name, in whose lap lies the cast midspace. May she grant us three-dimensional happiness.

Aditiḥ

VII.8.1 I invoke the aid of the sons of toil (diti) and of the sons of the creative power (aditi), the enlightened ones, the great and invulnerable. Their domain is in the deep seas. No one excels them as being worthy of homage.

Br̥haspatiḥ

VII.9.1 From good, may you move forward to the better. May the Lord supreme be your leader and guide. O Lord, may you establish this (sacrificer) in the finest place on this earth; make him far from enemies and having all the brave heroes around him.

Pūsan

VII.10.1 The nourisher Lord (Sun) appears on the distant paths of paths, on the distant path of the sky, on the distant path of the earth. Both of them are his most pleasing abodes. He travels to and from those (abodes) with full knowledge (prajānan). (Also Rg. X.17.6)

VII.10.2 The nourisher Lord knows all these regions well. May He conduct us by the safest path (which is free from fear). May He, the bestower of weal, glowing, brave in every respect, never negligent and knowing everything, go before us and lead. (Also Rg. X.17.5)

VII.10.3 O Lord, the nourisher, may we never suffer detriment when engaged in your worship; we are here to sing your praise. (Also Rg. VI.54.9)

VII.10.4 May the nourisher stretch His right hand to restrain our cattle from going astray; may He bring again to us what has been lost. May we be united with what has been lost. (Also Rg. VI.54.10).

Sarasvatī

VII.11.1 O divine mother (Sarvasvatī or speech), that ever-full breast (with inexhaustive vocabulary of yours), which lies hidden, which is the source of delight, bestower of joy, easy to invoke and liberal in giving, with which you nourish all the desirable ones, that may you lay open now for our sustenance. (Also Rg. X.164.49)

Sarasvatī

VII.12.1 That wide-spread and thundering, that smiting divine ensign of yours, which makes all the things beautiful - O Lord, may you not kill our crop with lightning, nor kill (it) with the rays of the sun.

Sabhā, Samitiḥ, Pitr

VII.13.1 May the assembly of the learned and the war-council, the two daughters of the creator Lord, aid me in accord with each other. Whomsoever I meet, may he teach and guide me. May I, O elders, speak nicely at the meetings.

Sabhā

VII.13.2 O assembly (sabhā) of the learned, we know your name. Verily, you are not to be over-ruled. Whoever are your members, may they be of one speech with me.

Indrah

VII.13.3 The influence and discernment of those seated here, I take to myself. O resplendent Lord, May you make me acceptable to all this assembly.

Manas (Thought)

VII.13.4 Your thoughts, which have moved away (from me), or which are attached here or there - those thoughts of yours, I cause to turn back (to me). May your mind rejoice in me.

Sūryah

VII.14.1 As the Sun, when rising, takes the shine out of the stars, so I take to myself the splendour of those women and men, who hate (are malicious).

- VII.14.2** As many of you, O rivals, look at you-the splendour of them, the hateful, I take to myself, just as the Sun, when rising, takes away the splendour of those who lie asleep.

Savitṛ

- VII.15.1** I fervently adore that Lord, who is impeller (savitā) of heaven and earth, full of vision and action, guide to truth, bestower of jewels, dear to all, and (is) the wisdom incarnate.
- VII.15.2** Whose immeasurable glow rises upwards, and shines in His creation (impulsion) - He, the golden-handed (hiraṇya-pāṇi) and skilled in selfless deeds, fashions the world of bliss (for us).
- VII.15.3** O Lord, you have granted this foremost of the elders, a high place for him, a wise expense for him; now, O impeller Lord (savitā); may you grant all sorts of desirable things, abundance of cattle to us day in and day out. (divo-divaḥ)
- VII.15.4** The impeller Lord, inclined to bestowing, the desirable Lord, has blessed our elders with treasures, skill and long spans of life. May He drink the devotional bliss (Soma) and be exhilarated at this sacrifice. Under His law (dharmaṇi) the travellers go all around.

Savitṛ

VII.16.1 I solicit in every way that impeller Lord's good grace, urging towards truth (satyasavā), really wonderful and preferred by all, which (of that impeller Lord) well-developed and thousand-streamed (sahasra-dhārām) grace the mighty realized soul milks for good fortune (bhagāya).

Savitṛ (Impeller)

VII.17.1 O Lord supreme, O impeller Lord, may you make him grow, and shine into great all round prosperity. Sharpen him, already sharp, even sharper. May all the enlightened ones revel in his happiness.

Dhātṛ etc. (Ordainer)

VII.18.1 May the ordainer Lord, the sovereign ruler the Lord of the living, grant us riches. May He bless us with the full.

VII.18.2 May the Ordainer Lord assign to the sacrificer an ever-flourishing and never-exhausting life. May we receive the friendly grace of the Lord, who has all the riches (viśva rādha saḥ)

VII.18.3 May the ordainer (sustainer) Lord, grant all the desirable things to him, who desirous of progeny, performs sacrifice at his home. May the enlightened ones, and all the bounties of Nature, in accord with the creative power (aditi), bless him with immortality (amṛtam).

VII.18.4 May the ordainer (sustainer) Lord, the impeller Lord, the Lord of creatures, the Lord of treasures, the adorable Lord, accept our this offering; may the universal mechanic, the omnipresent Lord, rejoicing in His own creations, grant wealth to the sacrificer.

Pr̥thivī, Parjanyaḥ

VII.19.1 O earth, become drenched with water. Cleave this cloud of the sky asunder. O sustainer Lord, ruling over all, may you open the leather bag (dṛti) of celestial water for us.

VII.19.2 There the summer does not cause burning heat, there the snowy season does not smite, there the life-giving earth (pr̥thivī jīradānuḥ) always remains moistened with water, and the waters (āpaḥ) produce purified butter (ghṛtam) for the sacrificer, wherever there is the herb Soma, there it is always happiness and bliss.

Prajapatiḥ - Dhātṛ

VII.20.1 The Lord of creatures (Prajapati), generates these offsprings. May the sustainer Lord sustain them with His friendly grace. May all these, born of the same womb, be of one mind and one understanding (sumanasya mānaḥ). May the Lord of nourishment bestow nourishment on me.

Anumatih - assent

VII.21.1 May the assent (of the Lord) get this sacrifice of ours approved among the enlightened one today. And may the fire divine become the conveyer of offerings for me, the sacrificer.

VII.21.2 O ascent (of the Lord), approve (this sacrifice), and grant us peace and happiness. Accept our offered oblations; O shining one, bless us with progeny.

VII.21.3 May He, the approving Lord, approve for us inexhaustible wealth rich in children. May we never be under His wrath. May we be under His friendly grace, that extreme happiness.

VII.21.4 O goodly leading assent (of the Lord), what name you have got, easy to invoke, pleasing to all and liberal giver of desired objects, with that, may you bring our this sacrifice to completion. O desired by all. O bringing good fortune, may you bestow on us wealth rich in brave sons (subhage suvīram).

VII.21.5 The assent (of the Lord) has come to this well-conceived sacrifice for making our fields rich and our sons brave. Benign has been her care for us. May she, the protector of the enlightened ones(devagopā), protect this sacrifice.

VII.21.6 The assent (of the Lord) has ever been all this whatever stands still, or moves, and also whatever makes all move, as such, O divine assent, may we be always in your good grace; may you always accord approval to us.

Ātman

- VII.22.1** Come all together with your words of praises to the Lord of the heaven, the unique, the sovereign, and the guest of the people. He, the ancient one, resides in the new ones. Numerous paths lead to Him, the one only (ekam-it).

Līṅgoktāḥ - Bradhnaḥ

- VII.23.1** For our vision, He (appears in a) thousand (ways). He is the genius of the visionaries, an illuminating light for various purpose.

- VII.23.2** This bright one urges forth the successive dawns, free from blemish, arousing ones, and the most zealous, for directing the sense-organs in their several actions.

Duḥ - śvapna - nāśanam - Dispelling evil dreams

- VII.24.1** Bad dreams, bad living, injurious germs, poverty and miseries, ill-named (durṇāmnī) ill-tongued (durvācas) all of them we drive away from us.

Savitṛ

- VII.25.1** What the resplendent and the adorable Lord, all the bounties of Nature and the mighty cloud-bearing winds (Maruts) have dug up for us, may the impeller Lord of true ordinances, the Lord of creatures, the accorder of assent assign that to us.

Viṣṇuḥ

VII.26.1 With my first prayers, I approach the sacrifice (Viṣṇum) and the venerable Lord, with whose power these worlds are kept steady; and who are most brave and most mighty in their strength; who rule over this universe; and who are unchallengeable in their resistless might.(Also Yv. V.59)

VII.26.2 With my first prayers, I approach the sacrifice (Viṣṇu) and the venerable Lord, under whose direction is all this that shines and breathes and sees with the powers, and strengths according to the ancient law of the Lord.

Viṣṇuḥ

VII.27.1 Earnestly I glorify the mighty deeds of the all-pervading God, who has made the terrestrial bodies, who is highly glorified and who upholds the extensive cosmos, possessed of three types of motions of translation, of rotation and the vibration. (Also Rg. X.154.1)

VII.27.2 The all-pervading God has been dominating by His powers like a sturdy wild mountain lion (mrgo nabhīmaḥ kucaro girṣṭhaḥ). May He come hither from the distance beyond the remotest distance.(Also Rg. X.154.2; Rg. X.130.2)

VII.27.3 Within whose three-extended paces, all these beings are covered, O sacrifice, spend far and wide. Make ample space for our living. O fire, born of melted butter (ghṛtayoṇe), consume melted butter to your heart's desire. Make the sacrificer prosper, (Also Rg. X.154.2 and Yv. V.38)

VII.27.4 The omnipresent and the all powerful God dominates over all the three regions, earth, mid-region and the celestial. His one step is rooted in the deep dark mystery, beyond the knowledge of mankind. (Also Rg. X.22.17)

VII.27.5 The omnipresent God, the preserver of the indomitable, created three regions, the earth, mid-region and the celestial. He sustains and preserves the sanctity of all vital functions that keep life ticking. (Also Rg. X.22.18)

VII.27.6 Behold the marvellous creations of omnipresent God who fulfills our noble aspirations. He is a true friend of the soul. (Also Rg. X.22.19)

VII.27.7 The wise and true seekers realize God through meditation within their own self; they see Him vividly as the eye ranges over the sky. (Also Rg. X.22.20)

VII.27.8 O sun-divine, whether from heaven, or from earth, or from the vast and wide-spread interspace, fill your two hands, O sun-divine, with plentiful treasures and grant to us with your right hand and with the left as well (daksināt-savyāt). (Also Yu. V.19)

Iḍā

VII.28.1 May the sacred speech (iḍā) dwell here with us according to her vow; she, in whose abode the pious people purify themselves. May she, dripping fatness from her words, capable and full of devotional bliss, addressed to all the enlightened ones, be present at this sacrifice.

Vedaḥ (Broom)

VII.29.1 May the grass-broom (veda: used for cleansing the sacrificial place) be nice; may the tree-falling mace (drugṇaḥ) be nice; may the sickle (paraśu), the altar (vediḥ) and the hatchet (paraśu) be nice to us. May the enlightened ones, who make offerings, who are pious and willing to perform sacrifice, revel in this sacrifice.

Agnā - Viṣṇu (pair)

VII.30.1 O fire divine, and O sacrifice, (really) great is your that renown; both of you drink the mystic purified butter, bestowing seven treasures in each and every home. May the tongue of both of you taste that (mystic) purified butter at every sacrifice.

Dyāvā - pṛthivī (pair)

VII.30.2 O fire divine and O sacrifice, greatly pleasing in your abode, you partake of the mystic purified butter relishing it, growing strong in each and every house (dame-dame) goodly with praises (su stutyā) may the tongue of both of you taste that (mystic) purified butter.

Dyāvā - pṛthivī (pair)

VII.31.1 May the heaven and earth anoint (svākta) my vision well. May this friendly Sun anoint well. May the Lord of knowledge anoint well and may the impeller Lord make it well-anointed.

Indraḥ

VII.32.1 O resplendent Lord, bounteous and brave, with your plentiful finest aids, may you encourage us today. Whoever hastes us, may he succumb; may the life leave him whom we hate.

Āāyuh

VII.33.1 Bringing homage, we approach the adorable Lord, dear to us; worthy of praise, youthful, augmenter of offerings; may he make my life-span long.

Marutaḥ, Pūṣan, Bṛhaspatiḥ and Agniḥ

VII.34.1 May the cloud-bearing winds sprinkle (siñeantu) properly, may the nourisher, and the Lord supreme sprinkle me profusely with progeny and wealth; may this fire divine make my life span long.

Jātavedāḥ

VII.35.1 O adorable Lord, drive away our rivals, who are born; and prevent those who are yet to be born, O omniscient. Put them under foot who want to invade us. May we, the sinless, be favoured with your creative power. (Also Yv. XV.2)

Jātavedāḥ

VII.36.1 With over-powering might, may you subdue other rivals. May you hit back even those, who are yet unborn. May you make this kingdom flourish to prosperity. May all the enlightened ones rejoice along with him (the sacrificer).

VII.36.2 Of the hundred veins (hirā) that you have, and of the thousand arteries (dhamanī), the holes in all of them, I cover up with a stone-plaster (aśmanā).

VII.36.3 What is far from your womb, that I bring close to it. May not the progeny, nor even the Sun over-whelm you. I make you have an offspring overflowing with life. I make the stone your mattress (apīdhānam).

Akṣi - Manas

VII.37.1 May the eyes of both of us be shining sweet. May our faces be attracting to each other. May you place me within your heart. May our minds remain united for ever.

Vāsaḥ - Cloth

VII.38.1 I clothe you with my cloth, closely fitting you, so that you shall be mine alone and shall not even talk of others (women).

Vāspatiḥ - Āsurī

VII.39.1 I dig up this medicinal herb, which will make my beloved look at me and weep bitterly. It causes one going away (parāyataḥ) to return (nirvatanam) and greets (pratinandanam) (āyataḥ) one.

VII.39.2 Wherewith the power of life-enjoyers (āsurī) draws the resplendent self close to her snatching him from the enlightened ones, with the same (herb), I draw you close to me, so that I may be very dear (supriyā) to you.

VII.39.3 O herb, you are turned towards the moon; turned towards the Sun also; turned towards all the bounties of Nature. You as such, we praise and address you.

VII.39.4 Here I shall speak and you shall not. You can speak in the assembly. You are mine and mine alone (kevalaḥ). Do not even talk of other women.

VII.39.5 Even if you are away from men (at some traceable place), or even if you go across the rivers away from me, this herb will bring you, as if tied and bound fast.

Mantroktāh (Mentioned in the verse)

VII.40.1 May the resplendent Lord settle the celestial beauteous flier (suparna), laden with water, huge, showerer of waters and impregnator of plants, satisfying all longing for water with rain, standing amid riches, at our cow-stall (goṣṭhe).

Sarasvān

VII.41.1 Whose law all the animals follow; under whose law the waters mingle; under whose law the lord of nourishment is placed-Him the Lord of vitality (Sarasvān), we invoke for protection.

VII.41.2 We, living here in plenty of riches, call Him, the Lord of vitality, a bestower coming towards a sacrificer, the Lord of nourishment, standing amid riches, granter of glory, and abode of riches.

Śyenaḥ

VII.42.1 The Sun (śyena) falcon, observer of men, shower of result of their action, sweeps over deserts and over waters. May He, the propitious, come here with His companion, the resplendent Lord, passing over all the lower realms of the midspace.

VII.42.2 The Sun (śyena) falcon, observer of men, the celestial beauteous flier, thousand-rayed, hundred-wombed, granter of vigour; may He grant us the wealth, which has been taken away from us. May it be a sustaining oblation for our elders (pitṛṣu)

Soma and Rudra (Pair)

VII.43.1 O Lord blissful (Soma) and terrible (Rudra), may you tear asunder and drive away the disease, which has entered our house. May you chase the perdition (nir-ṛti) far away. May you also remove from us the defects which it has caused.

VII.43.2 O Lord blissful and terrible, may both of you apply to our bodies all these remedies. May you flush out what is bad in us and remove from us the defects caused (by the disease) which is sticking to our bodies still.

Vak - Speech

VII.44.1 Some of your speeches are benign (śivāḥ) some others of your speeches are malign. You bear them all with friendly mind. Three types of speeches (tisro vācaḥ) are placed secretly within this body. One of them comes out as audible sound (ghoṣam).

Indraḥ and Viṣṇuḥ (Pair)

VII.45.1 Both of them win; they two are never defeated. Neither of them has ever been vanquished. O resplendent Lord (Indra) and O sacrifice (Viṣṇu), when you complete, you scatter thousands in three (tredhā) directions.

Driving out of Malice (Īrṣyā)

VII.46.1 You have been brought from a land across the ocean inhabited by multiracial people. Brought from far away as you are, I consider you a remedy for jealousy.

VII.47.1 May you (O remedy), quell down this jealousy of this man burning like fire and burning each and every thing like a forest-fire, as they quench fire with water.

Sinīvālī

VII.48.1 O procreative power (Sinīvālī), praised by multitude, who are inspirer of the enlightened ones, may you accept and enjoy our offered oblations; O divine ones, bless us with progeny.

VII.48.2 To her, the procreative power (Sinīvalī), who has lovely arms, lovely fingers, good womb and who is capable of bearing many children - to her, the sustainer of the people, offer your oblations.

VII.48.3 To you, who are sustainer of the people, and who are inclined towards the resplendent one, glowing, praised by thousands, and coming forward, O consort of the sacrifice, (these) oblations are offered. May you urge your husband, O glowing one, to grant us wealth,

Kuhūḥ - New Moon

VII.49.1 I invoke at this sacrifice the divine moonless night (kuhū-New Moon), skilled in pious deeds, acting with appropriate knowledge, and easy to call. May she confirm in us the riches desired by all. May she bless us with a son, donor of abundant wealth, and praise-worthy.

VII.49.2 May the moonless night (kuhū), the consort of the immortal among the enlightened ones, worthy of invocation, accept and enjoy our this oblation. Full of desire, may she hear today of our this sacrifice. Knowing (about it), may she grant us riches and nourishment.

Rākā - Full Moon Night

VII.50.1 I invoke the full moon's night (rākā) easy to call, worthy of praise. May she, the propitious, listen to us and understand by herself our purpose. May she saw her work with the needle (sūcyā). Which is never broken. May she bless us with a son, donor of abundant wealth, and praise-worthy.

VII.50.2 O full moon's night (rākā), whatever are your much-praised good graces, with which you bestow treasures on the sacrificer, with those may you come to us with a friendly mind today, granting us, O propitious one, thousands of nourishments.

Deva - Patnyah : Wives of Devas

VII.51.1 May the consorts of the bounties of nature, full of longing, aid us. May they help us (to obtain) offspring and plenty of food-grains. Those who are terrestrial and also those who belong to the realm of the waters, may those divine ones, easy to call, grant us comfort.

VII.51.2 May the yearning sustainers of the enlightened ones, these divine females, enjoy our offerings. May the power sustaining the aspirant, the power sustaining the divine, the shining power that sustains the twins divine, the power sustaining the cloud, and the power sustaining the ocean, listen to us well. May these deities enjoy, when it is the season for the wives. (ṛtur - janinām)

Indraḥ

VII.52.1 As the irresistible lightning always strikes down a tree, even so today, may I strike down the gambler (kitavān-akṣaiḥ) with dice irresistibly.

- VII.52.2** May the fortune of the hasty (turāṇam) unhasty (aturāṇām) and of the people not abstaining from evil, come from all sides together to be placed in my hand.
- VII.52.3** I praise the adorable Lord, the master of great treasures. Inclined towards me by my homages, may He divide (vi-ci) here what we have won. As if with booty-winning chariots in a battle, may I further praise of the brave soldiers (maruts) with my skill.
- VII.52.4** With you as an ally, May we conquer the surrounded (enemy). May you keep us to have an upper-hand in each and every battle (bhare-bhare). O resplendent one (Indra), make the superior easily approachable to us. O bounteous Lord, shatter the strength of the enemy.
- VII.52.5** I have conquered you as planned (sam-bkhitam); also I have conquered you, the checkmated (sam-rudham) (besieged). Like a wolf (vṛka) tearing a sheep (avi), I shake down all your efforts.
- VII.52.6** A warrior, very keen to win, conquers even a hard-hitting rival. A gambler, fighter gains spoils in due course, as if he had acted with purpose. Whoever, willing to conquer, keeps not back the money, (is not niggard in spending money), him the wealth joins with sustaining powers.
- VII.52.7** O Lord, invoked by the multitude, may we all overcome evil intentions leading to misery by our sense organs, and hunger by food-grains. May we, the foremost among kings, win the riches with our prowesses unharmed.

VII.52.8 Dice (Kṛtam) is in my right hand and the victory lies in my left. May I become winner of cows, winner of horses, winner of wealth and winner of gold. [Or, effort in my right hand, then victory is assured in my left hand]

VII.52.9 O my sense-organs, provide me with a fruitful game like a cow streaming milk. May you unite me with the stream of action just as a string binds (the two ends of) a bow.

Indrā - Brhaspati (pair)

VII.53.1 May the Lord supreme Brhaspati protect us well from the vicious enemy from behind, from above and from below, and the resplendent Lord (Indra) from the front and centre. May He, our friend, make us superior among friends (grant plenty of wealth to us, His favoured friends).

Sām - manasyam; also Aśvinau

VII.54.1 May there be our proper understanding with our own people, proper understanding with strangers; O twins divine (aśvinau), may both of you develop proper understanding among us here.

VII.54.2 May we have proper understanding in mind; having been understood, may we remain united. May we never be devoid of divine spirit. May the noises of wanton slaughter not rise here. May the arrow of the resplendent Lord not fall (on us), when the day comes.

Āyuh, Bṛhaspatiḥ and Aśvinau

VII.55.1 When you, O Bṛhaspati did release us from yama's other world existence (amutra-bhūyāt) from male-diction Aśvins took back death from us, O Agni, The renowned physician of the gods, (Also Yv. XXVII.9)

VII.55.2 O out-breath and in-breath, move in the body of this man properly. Do not leave his body. O man, may your out-breath and in-breath be well-allied here. May you live a hundred autumns growing (in every respect). May the adorable Lord, the best rehabilitator, be your protector overlord.

VII.55.3 Your life, which has fled far away (life-span, which has been obstructed due to improper living) and your in-breath and out-breath, may both of them come here again. That fire-divine has brought you back from the lap of perdition (nirṛti); that I infuse again into your self.

VII.55.4 May the out-breath not leave this man, nor the in-breath go away leaving him helpless. I hand him over to the seven seers (sapta-ṛṣibhyaḥ). May they conduct him safely unto old age.

VII.55.5 O out-breath and in-breath, may you enter him just as a pair of bullocks enters a stall. May this man, a treasure of old age, grow and prosper unharmed.

VII.55.6 We bring your vital breath to you. We drive the wasting disease away from you. May this Lord adorable and desirable grant us long life in every respect.

VII.55.7 Up out of darkness have we ascending - the highest firmament (nākam uttamam) gone to the Sun, god among the gods (devam devatrā) highest light (jyotiḥ uttamam) (Also Yv. XX.21; Rg. I.50.10 etc)

Rk - Sāmanī

VII.56.1 We adore the Rk (praise hymn) and the sāman (praise-song) with which two the people perform their actions. Both of them shine at the gathering and these two conduct the sacrifice into the enlightened ones (deveṣu)

Indraḥ

VII.57.1 If I have questioned the praise-hymns (Rks) for (being capable of granting) oblations, praise-songs (sāmans) for vigour, and sacrificial formulae (Yajūṅsi) for strength-therefore, O lord of wisdom (śacīpate), may this such questioned veda may not do any harm to me.

Indraḥ

VII.57.2 What your paths are there, along which you urge this universe to move under the sky, by very those, O excellent Lord, may you place us in happiness.

Vṛścika (Scorpion) etc.

VII.58.1 This plant makes the poison vanish, whether that has been received from a tiraścirāji or crosslined (i.e., viper) or a black - asit (i.e., cobra) or from an adder (prḍākū) or from the heron-jointed sṇake (kaṇka-parvaṇaḥ)

Vanaspatih

VII.58.2 This medicinal herb is born of sweetness, is dripping sweetness, is full of sweetness and is the sweetness incarnate. It is a remedy for the bite and wound; also it is a killer of stinging creatures (maśaka - jambhanī)

VII.58.3 From there, where a sting was inflicted, or from where the blood was sucked, we remove from you the ineffective poison of the tiny hastily-stinging mosquito.

Brahmaṇas patih

VII.58.4 You crooked, jointless and limbless creature, who make your faces (countenances) crooked and vicious, O Lord of knowledge (Brahmaṇaspati), may you bend them straight like a reed.

VII.58.5 I remove (destroy) the poison of this scorpion (or the snake; Śarkota), who nears us creeping on the ground; and thereafter I kill him.

VII.58.6 There is no strength in your two arms, nor in your head, nor in your middle. Why, then, do you carry this small thing in your tail with this evil (intention) ?

VII.58.7 Ants eat you; pea-hens cut you into pieces. All declare rightly : "the poison of the (śarkota)scorpion is sapless.(also Rg. I.191.16)

VII.58.8 You attack with both, with your tail as well as with your mouth. There is no poison in your mouth. What, then will there be at the root - receptacle of your tail ?

Sarasvatī

VII.59.1 Whatever has got agitated in my spirit while speaking violently, or while following people as a suppliant, and whatever defect is there in my person, may the doctress divine (Sarasvatī) heal that up.

VII.59.2 Seven flow for the child full of vital breath; the sons deal with the father according to eternal laws. Both of them, verily belong to Him; both of them as His shine up; both of them put in effort; both of them, as His, prosper well. (Also Rg. X.13.5)

Indra - Varuṇa Pair

VII.60.1 O resplendent one and O venerable one, both fond of enjoying pressed out cure-juice (devotional bliss), may you observing the vows, enjoy this pressed out gladdening cure-juice (devotional bliss). May your unconquered chariot approach its resting place for the entertainment of the enlightened ones and for drinking cure-juice.

VII.60.2 O resplendent one and O venerable one, both showerers of gifts, may you enjoy the sweetest and invigorating cure-juice and get invigorated. This if your viand poured out. Sit down on this grass-mat, enjoy and rejoice.

Against enemy (arj-nāśanam)

VII.61.1 Whoever curses (abuses) us, while we do not curse (abuse), and whoever curses (abuses) us, while we curse (abuses), may such a person dry up from the very root like a tree struck by the lightning.

Houses - Vāstoṣpatih

VII.62.1 Goodly wise, full of vigour, having won riches, here I come to these my houses with mild and friendly looking ones, good-hearted and greeting. Rejoice; have no fear from me.

VII.62.2 These are our houses, giving happiness, rich in food and milk, and standing full of good wealth. May they recognize us as we approach.

VII.62.3 We are approaching the homes, of which a person travelling afar thinks time and again and where there is lot of affection. We remember and recognize them. May they also recognize us. (Also Yv. III.42)

VII.62.4 Invited and assembled are here very wealthy friends who enjoy tasty meals. May you ever remain free from hunger and thirst; O houses, have no fear from us (be not afraid of us).

VII.62.5 I have found the cows in good condition and in good condition the goats and sheep have been brought to me. And the delicious foods abound in our home. (Also Yv. III.43)

VII.62.6 May you ever remain full of pleasant words, full of good fortune, full of gladdening drinks, full of laughter and pleasure, free from hunger and thirst. O houses, be not afraid of us.

VII.62.7 Remain just here. Do not come following me. Adorn yourselves with all the appearances. I shall come with excellent wealth. May you prosper with me.

Agniḥ

VII.63.1 Since O adorable Lord, we undergo the austerities, which can be considered austerity by austerities (*tapasā tapah*), may we become dear to holy learning, and long-living, as well as goodly wise.

VII.63.2 O adorable Lord, we are practicing austerities; with determination we practice austerities. Listening the sacred texts, may we be long-living and goodly wise.